The system shown below has the following characteristics:

- transmission line C-D: 30 km, nominal voltage 150 kV,  $r = 0.05 \ \Omega/km$ ,  $x = 0.32 \ \Omega/km$ , shunt susceptance neglected
- generator (bus A): nominal power 400 MVA, nominal voltage 15 kV,  $X'' = 0.17 \text{ pu}^1$
- step-up transformer A-C: nominal power 400 MVA, leakage reactance  $X_{tfo} = 0.16$  pu, ratio r = 1.03 pu/pu<sup>2</sup>
- external system (bus D) : short-circuit power 9 000 MVA.

The operating point is shown in the figure.



<sup>1</sup>on the (15 kV, 400 MVA) base

<sup>2</sup>on the (15 kV, 150kV, 400 MVA) bases

A three-phase short-circuit without resistance takes place on the line, at a negligible distance from the switching station of bus C.

Determine :

- **(**) the currents in the circuit breakers  $b_1$  and  $b_2$
- the short-circuit power at bus C
- Ithe same when the generator is not in operation
- Ithe voltage at buses A and D during the short-circuit.